STRATEGY AND ROADMAP FOR PV SYSTEMS IN THE UNITED STATES

Dr. Anil Pahwa U.S. Department of State Dr. Cary Bloyd

Pacific Northwest National Lab (U.S. Department of Energy)

44th Meeting of APEC Expert Group on New and Renewable Energy Technologies



Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation 13-16 April 2015 Laoag, Philippines

SOURCE: **"WORLD ENERGY OUTLOOK 2014"** (PUBLICATION OF INTERNATIONAL ENERGY ASSOCIATION (IEA)

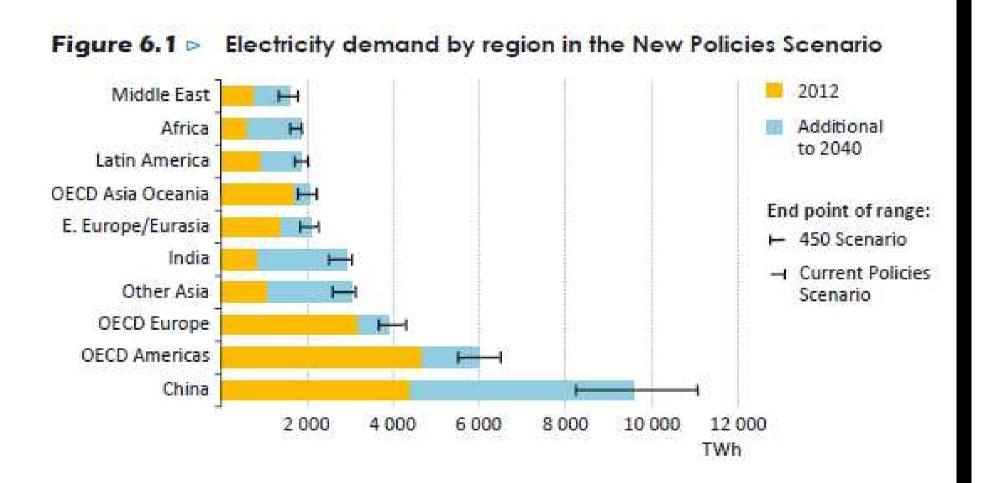
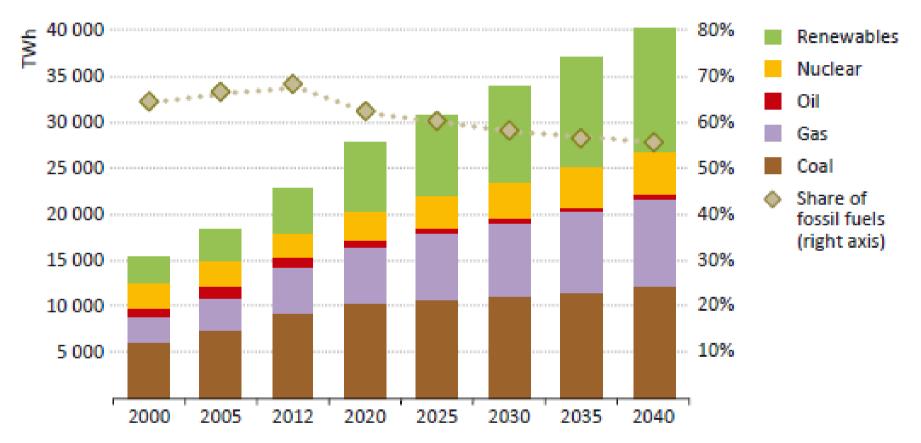


Figure 6.8 World electricity generation by source in the New Policies Scenario



Source: IEA

NEW POLICY SCENARIO (SOURCE IEA)

- Energy policies to limit the long-term average global temperature rise to 2° C.
- Policies promoting renewable energy, energy efficiency, alternate fuels and vehicles.
- Commitment to reducing carbon emissions.
- Removal of inefficient fossil fuel subsidies.



".....we endorse the Energy Ministers' aspirational goal to double the share of renewables including in power generation by 2030 in APEC's energy mix. We affirm our commitment to rationalize and phase out inefficient fossil fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption while still providing essential energy services."

U.S. DOE SOLAR ACTIVITIES

 The Solar Energy Technology Office is in the DOE Office of Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

 The SunShot* Initiative lays out a 10 year program (2010-2020) for production of grid connected PV power at 5-6¢/kWh without subsidy (Solar Grid Parity)

*http://energy.gov/eere/sunshot/2014-sunshot-initiative-portfolio-book

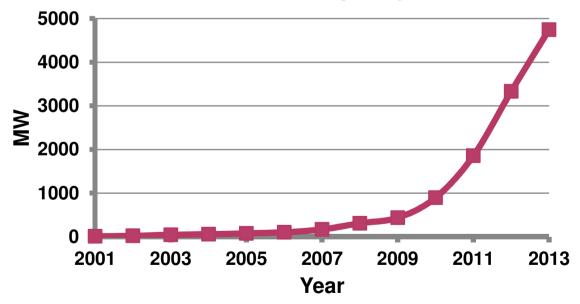
U.S. DOE SOLAR ACT

- The 2014 SunShot Grand Challenge Summit and Peer Review* brought together more than 800 members of the solar energy community to review its 5 program areas:
 - Photovoltaics
 - Concentrating solar power (CSP)
 - Balance of systems costs (soft costs)
 - System Integration
 - Technology to market

*http://energy.gov/eere/sunshot/events/sunshot-grand-challenge-summit-and-peerreview-2014

KEY FINDINGS (SOURCE: NREL - DOE)

 In 2013 in the United States, solar electricity was the fastest growing electricity generation technology, with cumulative installed capacity increasing by nearly 65 % from the previous year.



Grid-connected PV Capacity Added

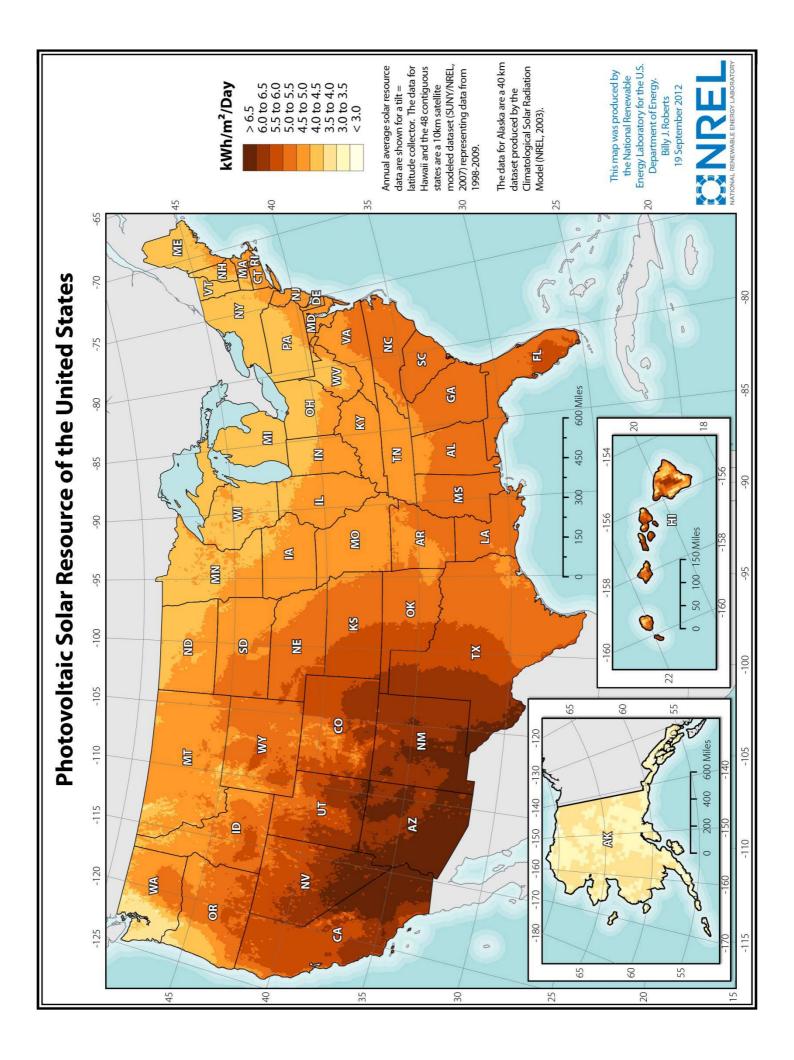
PV capacity was 1% of the total capacity in 2013 and 0.5% of electricity genaration

DRIVERS FOR GROWTH

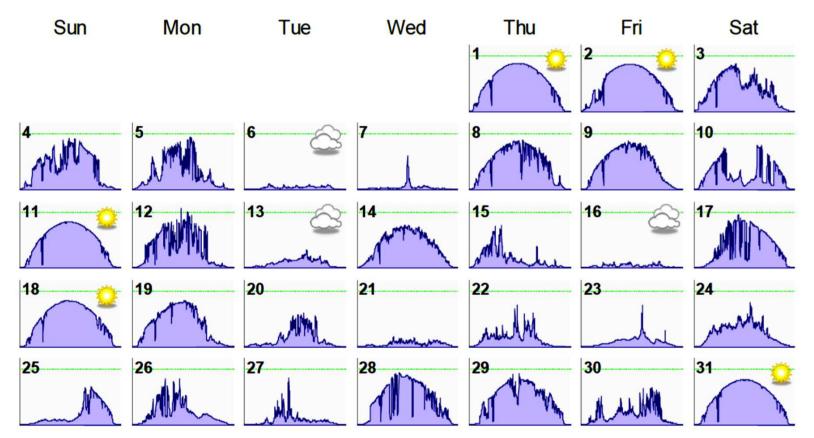
- Reduced PV panel costs
- Reduced soft costs
- Availability of feed-in tariff
- State renewable portfolio standards
- Subsidies and tax credits
- High price of electricity
- Consumer awareness

TOP STATES FOR CUMULATIVE PV ELECTRICITY INSTALLED CAPACITY (2013) (NREL – DOE)





PV VARIABILITY



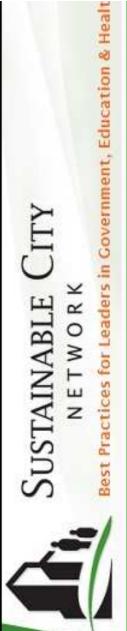
Source: K. Nicole, T. Key, C. Trueblood, "Distributed PV Monitoring: Highlights for PV Grid Integration Workshop", EPRI, Tucson, Arizona, 2012.

RESIDENTIAL SECTOR

- Growth of rooftop solar PV installations
 - o California, Arizona, Hawaii
 - Consumer owned or leased
 - Utility or third party
- Utility concerns
 - Backwards power flow
 - Loss of revenues
 - Power flow fluctuations
 - High penetration
- Policy issues
 - Reduced feed-in tariff
 - Monthly connection charge

NEW JERSEY "PSE&G SOLAR PANELS UTILITY POLES" BY MR. MATTÉ (WIKIMEDIA COMMONS)





April 1, 2015

Solar Panels Keep Paying for Themselves

Institutions, Businesses and Neighborhoods Find Ways to Get It Done

By Andrea Hauser

Solar power's fan base is growing.

As the solar power industry continues to grow and develop, early adopters agree that installing the panels was a great decision, whether on top of a private home, university building or city aquarium.

"We didn't have that cash, but we had a roof and we had a mission and we had an interest," said Mark Plunkett, the conservation manager for the Seattle Aquarium. The aquarium had a 49 KW solar array installed on the



south-facing roof of its Pier 59 facility in the fall of 2013. The project was installed through the

CONCLUSIONS

- United States has seen very high growth in the solar PV sector in the last few years and it is expected to continue.
- Changes in subsidies, connectivity charges, and feed-in tariff could slow growth in rooftop PV installations.
- New technologies such as smart inverters, batteries, and smart grid; and reduction in hardware and soft costs will further accelerate PV deployment.