

The 53rd Meeting of APEC Expert Group on New and Renewable Energy Technologies (EGNRET)

"GEOTHERMAL ENERGY IN MALAYSIA"

EDISHAM MOHD SUKOR

CPEX, Seoul, Republic of Korea

22nd – 26th October 2019

Sustainable Energy Development Authority (SEDA) Malaysia





Renewable Energy Development & Programmes in Malaysia

RE Development in Malaysia



8th Malaysia Plan (2001 - 2005)

- RE introduced as the 5th Fuel
- Implied 5% RE in energy mix

9th Malaysia Plan (2006 - 2010)

- Small Renewable Energy Programme (SREP)
- Government approved the National RE Policy & Action Plan (NREPAP)
 (Oct. 2010)

10th Malaysia Plan (2011 - 2015)

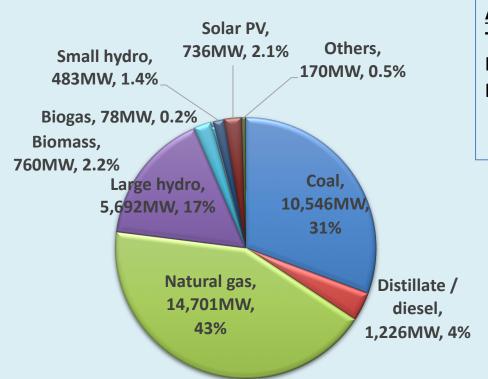
- Enactment of RE Act 2011 & SEDA Act 2011
- 2011:Implementation of Feed-in Tariff (FiT)

11th Malaysia Plan (2016 - 2020)

- Target RE capacity of 2,080 MW
- 2016: Implementation of Large-Scale Solar (LSS) programme
- 2016:Implementation of **Net Energy Metering (NEM)** scheme

National Installed Capacity Mix (Dec 2018)





As at 2018

Total: 34,392 MW

RE (excl. large hydro) : 6%

RE (incl. large hydro):** 22.5%

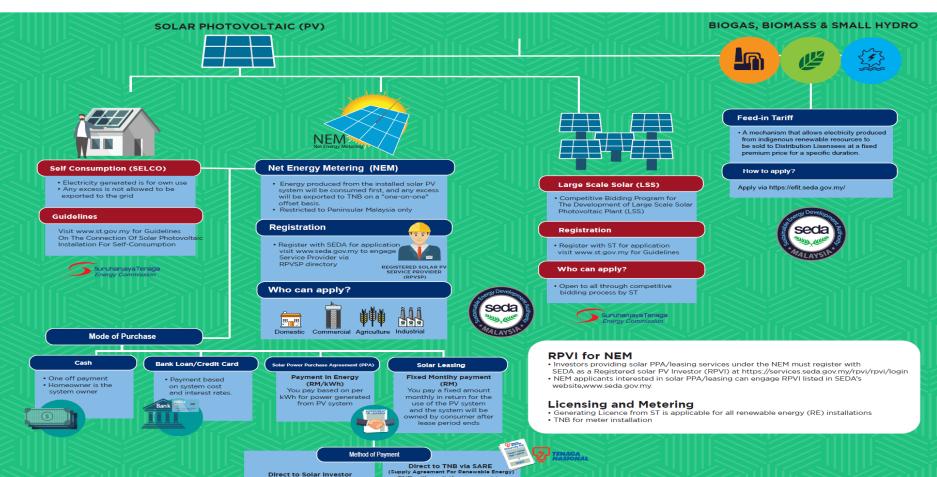
* Includes off-grid

**Large hydro > 100 MW

Source: SEDA, ST, MoU Sarawak



RENEWABLE ENERGY PROGRAMMES IN MALAYSIA



TNB will remit the payment to solar investor and collect a service fee of 2 sen per kWh



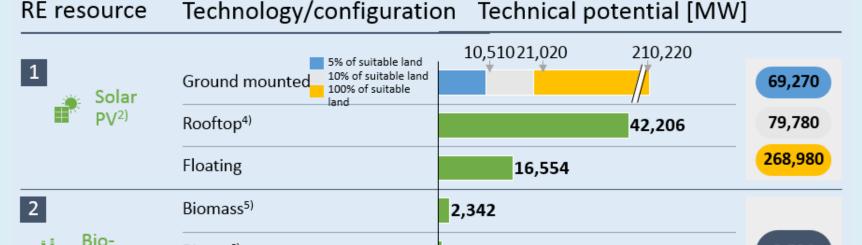


Renewable Energy Resources in Malaysia

Solar PV has by far the highest technical potential



3,594



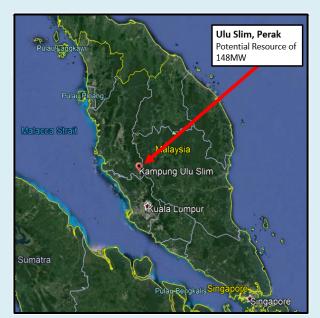
Biogas⁶⁾

736

¹⁾ Figures may not exactly match detailed calculations due to rounding effect; 2) Technical potential shown are AC rated; 3) Excludes forested, agricultural, mountainous, water bodies, industrial & urban areas; 4) Includes residential, commercial and industrial; 5) Includes palm oil waste (EFB, MF, PKS), rice husk & straw and wood residue; 6) Includes palm oil mill effluent (POME), landfill gas and swine waste; 7) Includes all landfills except inert waste landfills; 8) Small-hydro is defined as capacity less than or equal to 100 MW

Geothermal Resources







Sources:

- 1) Jabatan Mineral & Geosains Malaysia (JMG), Perak (2016), Report on the assessment of geothermal resource potential for renewable energy in Ulu Slim area
- 2) Barnett, P. R., S. Mandagi, T. Iskander, Z. Abidin, A. Amadalos, and R. Raad (2015), Exploration and Development of the Tawau Geothermal Project, Malaysia.
- 3) Javino, F. (2014), Preliminary Magnetotelluric and Gravity Surveys for Geothermal Prospect in Sungai Segaria-Sungai Jipun, Gunung Pock, Kunak

Barrier & Challenges



Policy	Legal
 Limited capital/fund for the survey and research. R&D fund for exploration phase of the surveyed site. 	Environment matter - most of the potential areas are located at the forest reserve zone
Social-Economic	Technical
 Expertise and manpower in geothermal field. High cost for survey, exploration and construction of geothermal plant. Public acceptance, hot spring area is a recreational area and tourism spot 	 Limited technical and experience about geothermal technology in Malaysia. Extreme terrain/site accessibility problem Depend on energy only, not suitable for heating system in Malaysia





Renewable Energy Transition Roadmap (RETR) 2035

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Govt optimistic of achieving 20 pct RE over next seven years





By **Bernama** - November 27, 2018 @ 9:57pm

KUALA LUMPUR: The government is optimistic of achieving its target of **20**% electricity generation from **Renewable Energy (RE)** sources, equivalent to 3,991 MW, over the next seven years via various initiatives, programmes and policies.

To realize this target, Energy, Science, Technology, Environment and Climate Change Minister Yeo Bee Yin said the government would engage with industry players and study the relevant policies.

Though the country's clean energy generation is only at two per cent currently, the target could be reached with the implementation of various programmes, including **Net Energy Metering (NEM)**, **Feed-in-Tariff (FiT) and Large-Scale Solar (LSS) programme**, she said.

RENEWABLE ENERGY TRANSITION ROADMAP (RETR) 2035



To determine the future of electricity system and the RE targets in the electricity mix and total primary energy supply (up to 2035);

To determine the strategies, comprehensive action plans and resources required to transit to this future of electricity system and achieve the RE targets;

To determine the impact indicators with measurable economic, social, and environmental benefits of the strategies for RE on annual basis until 2035.

THANK YOU





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